



**ANANT BHATT LLP**

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

**THE POWER OF EXPERIENCE®**

**AUDIT**

**TAX**

**ADVISORY**

City House, First Floor

Nyerere Avenue

Mombasa, Kenya

P.O. Box 80766-80100

Phone: 041-2223682/6542

Email: [info@anantbhatt.com](mailto:info@anantbhatt.com)

Visit: [www.anantbhattllp.com](http://www.anantbhattllp.com)



**THE ANANTROY BHATT KNOWLEDGE CENTRE**



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## **1** Introduction to IFRS 6

The objective of this IFRS is to specify the financial reporting for the exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources.

## **2** Outline

Exploration and evaluation expenditures are expenditures incurred by an entity in connection with the exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources before the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource are demonstrable. Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources is the search for mineral resources, including minerals, oil, natural gas and similar

non-regenerative resources after the entity has obtained legal rights to explore in a specific area, as well as the determination of the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource.

Exploration and evaluation assets are exploration and evaluation expenditures recognised as assets in accordance with the entity's accounting policy.

The IFRS:

- permits an entity to develop an accounting policy for exploration and evaluation assets without specifically considering the requirements of paragraphs 11 and 12 of IAS 8. Thus, an entity adopting IFRS 6 may continue to use the accounting policies applied immediately before adopting the IFRS. This includes continuing to use recognition and measurement practices that are part of those accounting policies.
- requires entities recognising exploration and evaluation assets to perform an impairment test on those assets when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of the assets may exceed their recoverable amount.
- varies the recognition of impairment from that in IAS 36 but measures the impairment in accordance with that Standard once the impairment is identified.

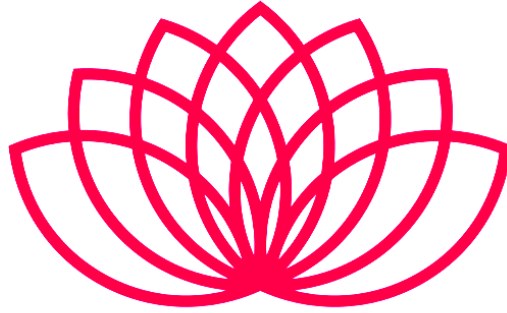
An entity shall determine an accounting policy for allocating exploration and evaluation assets to cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units for the purpose of assessing such assets for impairment. Each cash-generating unit or group of units to which an exploration and evaluation asset is allocated shall not be larger than an operating segment determined in accordance with IFRS 8 Operating Segments.

Exploration and evaluation assets shall be assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount. When facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, an entity shall measure, present and disclose any resulting impairment loss in accordance with IAS 36.

One or more of the following facts and circumstances indicate that an entity should test exploration and evaluation assets for impairment (the list is not exhaustive):

- the period for which the entity has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed.
- substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned.
- exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area.
- sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

An entity shall disclose information that identifies and explains the amounts recognised in its financial statements arising from the exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources.



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**CPA Kamal Anantroy Bhatt**  
Managing Partner  
E : [kamal@anantbhatt.com](mailto:kamal@anantbhatt.com)

**CPA Daniel Kinyae Mumo**  
Associate Partner  
E : [daniel@anantbhatt.com](mailto:daniel@anantbhatt.com)

**Anant Bhatt LLP**  
City House, First Floor  
Nyerere Avenue  
Mombasa, Kenya

**P.O. Box 80766-80100**  
E : [info@anantbhatt.com](mailto:info@anantbhatt.com)  
P : 0726241555, 041-2223682, 041-2226542

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